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SEVENTH YEAR - No. 329

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1907

PRICE FIVE CENTS

# ORCHARD IN THE CROSS EXAMINATION

## Entirely too Smooth to Carry Conviction - Everybody Waiting for Cross Examination

BOISE, Idaho, June 5, 1907.—People listened to Orchard's tale of horrors without being horrified. The reason was that no one believed it.

It was too horrible to be believed.

He sat in the elevated witness chair looking like a gentleman, spoke in a soft-voiced, matter-of-fact manner, as if he told of calling at the postoffice or having pancakes for breakfast when he said: "I shot Gregory three times." He showed less excitement or emotion than as if he said: "I caught a trout," or "I killed a chicken."

He told how he put strychnine in four bottles of milk at Bradley's kitchen door in Frisco, enough to kill the entire family, in exactly the same even tone in which he said: "My real name is Albert E. Horkley."

His story was well committed. Never hesitated for dates, knew just how much to tell. He had 16 months to rehearse. Everybody is waiting for the cross-examination and for the cross examination.

Haywood's innocent little Henrietta sat on her grandfather Minor's lap and watched Orchard with wide eyes.

Haywood's mother and wife sat between his daughter and himself.

Haywood looked as innocent as his little daughter.

No one could see this man in the midst of his family and believe the cold-blooded assassin's narrative.

Judge Wood is admitting all kinds of evidence on the promise of prosecution to connect it with Haywood later. Fine way to prejudice the jury.

According to his own account, Orchard is the most cowardly and brutal assassin known to history; a sneaking reptile of a man, who never dared to face his victim like a man, but who would assassinate innocent men by daggers of lies to save his own neck. That is how it looks to the people who heard him yesterday.

# THE TRIAL OF THE HAYWOODS

## Full Text, Word for Word, of the Examination of Banker Eoff as Juror in Haywood Trial; Judge Wood Shows His Own Bias Most Distinctly - Every Reader Can Judge for Himself

The first stage of the Great Trial is passed. Tonight, Monday, June 3, the full jury of 12 farmers is sworn in and waiting the opening speech of the State tomorrow morning.

For three and a half weeks, every faculty of Judge, Counsel and the Jury of watching reporters has been focused on this laboratory sitting out of 12 men from 200.

The most vital part of the Trial is completed and the Defense has lost.

With one possible exception every juror of the twelve is prejudiced against Wm. D. Haywood.

It could not be otherwise. With all desire to do Sheriff Hodgkin fair judgment, as shown in my previous reports, it must now be recorded as the verdict of veracity, that Hodgkin decided the case in advance against the Defendant.

With the exception of two jurors from the original panel, this jury was chosen by the personal will of Shad Hodgkin. The law put it in his power to select whom he chose to select, AND HE SELECTED THOSE WHO WERE PREJUDICED AGAINST HAYWOOD.

There can be no doubt about it. There are plenty of men in this county and city who were at least free from prejudice or even bias against the defendant. At least a thousand Union men in Boise and only one called—and he was an employer.

For example, there are 50 Barbers in Boise and 50 Bankers. Not a single barber called, but 12 bankers.

Not only the sheriff has loaded the dice in favor of the Prosecution.

The Judge also stood in. In order that every reader of "The Socialist" may see for himself, I send herewith the full verbatim, stenographic report of the examination of Banker Eoff by Counsel Richardson.

It is the most remarkable exhibition of Fremont Ward, who was the man really under examination by the World's Eye.

That any juror should force a juror on a man on trial for his life—who the juror himself declared HE WOULD NOT LIKE TO BE TRIED BY A JUROR IN HIS STATE OF MIND, SEEMS UN-CREDIBLE. But that is the record. It is the rawest piece of Un-justice yet seen here. But we can look for more. The Jury is against us. The Judge is against us.

Unless the State has no shadow of a case, unless it is all pure bluff, so that even a prejudiced jury cannot be convinced, Haywood is condemned in advance by a court in control of the Capitalist Class.

Workingmen, take due notice and set your jaws to make Bourgeois courts into Proletarian courts where alone you can dispense your own Justice.

That is the aim of the Socialist Party.

# STEVE ADAMS & HIS FAMILY

By HATTIE W. TITUS

Mrs. Steve Adams since coming to Boise and got an insight into the tragic occurrences of the past year as never before. She told me she had at least learned one thing in the past 18 months and that was to keep her mouth shut.

She had learned through bitter experience that whatever she might say some Pinkerton, or guard, or reporter could twist what she said into anything she did not say, or manufacture things she did not say and make other numbers of her sex, would like to talk about. So, though she is like other women, she "shuts up like a clam." As Mrs. Adams herself says, "They won't let anything out of my mouth but 'they' the Pinkertons, who are everywhere at the restaurants, in the drug stores, and where members of our class don't go; the barbers, who are clear stars, the saloons, and more than anywhere else, in the lobby of the Idaho Hotel.

In a conspicuous place in her room Mrs. Adams has hung this motto: "Keep Your Mouth Shut!"

Whenever she goes out or whenever she has a caller she takes a look at her motto, as a Catholic looks at a crucifix and makes a little sign, saying that no matter how much she may be tempted to say things she keep her mouth shut!

We took a ride out to the motor-home, and on our way back we were accompanied by no less than three detectives. As we were leaving the motor-home Mrs. Adams recognized the detective who had gone across country with her husband. Adams was arrested immediately after his release from the penitentiary. He had been "with him" when Adams was "seen if they are not on the same car with us." And, sure enough, there was Adams. Adams said he didn't see me. I learned later that he was behind us with his car in our direction. Immediately Mrs. Adams stopped talking. She didn't want to go to a restaurant, but she even I looked at her for an instant and fortunately she didn't see me.

"Oh, I said to myself, 'Keep Your Mouth Shut!'"

We got out of the car, this same would-be listener got out too, and we went on a block, too! But when we stopped short, and decided to go to a nearby ice cream parlor, we passed us and went on. With a sigh of relief we said, "Go to the farthest corner" of the room and see if we can't get an ice cream in peace." There are times when it is best to be taking a meal from the eyes of a Pinkerton upon one. But you can't go to a restaurant, or hotel, at the present time and have that privilege. I have taken my meals at the Parland, Butkley Wells and August Sutherland, were at adjoining tables, but nothing is to be done about it, try, and yet I do not feel honest. In fact I have a suspicion that the company that it nearly upsets my digestion.

Mrs. Adams is here subpoenaed by the prosecution to testify against the defense.

At the defense is quite willing for her to go on the stand. She knows

# PORTLAND ELECTION RESULTS

PORTLAND, Ore., June 5, 1907.—The Socialist Party here just about held its own, casting an average of something over 200 votes, as near as can be ascertained.

Owing to the tremendous fight between the majority candidates we lost for that position, the straight ticket, Socialists have gained on their armor for the next battle and are still engaged in the perpetual campaign.

We don't want our comrades who live in towns surrounding Seattle and Portland to think that their help is needed. When you come to town to make purchases be sure to bring a copy of "The Socialist" with you. If you can't come to town, you can get a copy of "The Socialist" by mail. Look up our advertisers. In a good many instances they will be glad to give you a copy as yourself and will profit by it, as well as be glad of the acquaintance. Lord of Redondo, and Hogan of Orcas, are two good boosters of the Socialist Party. "The Socialist" here in Seattle; do not fail to visit us. You will find us working on the second floor of the building in which the Seattle Daily News is published. News Lane is between First and Second avenues. The Daily News building is in the rear of 12-1/2 Pike street.

We want to acknowledge the receipt of a big printing job from the Longshoremen of the Pacific Coast, Walter Lohrbach, secretary.

sheriff, says Adams "hates him like a man." Adams "won't open his mouth to him" (Sutherland). Butkley Wells says he has done his best to see Adams to the trial. The prosecution and has failed. Isn't it too bad that a sheriff and an assistant general can't testify this man a second time! In the first instance, with the fear of death staring him in the face, and the picture of his wife and young babe left with no one to care for them, he might have been temporarily terrorized into signing something on the part of the prosecution which was not allowed to read. But now, let all the Pinkertons and the rest try their best, they can't fool him a second time!

One of the strikers who when the Adams family are united once more they would want to go to the antipodes and never see him again. Where there could be no question of who is "friend" or who is "foe."

In the meantime the Haywood trial is the next mile stone in the history of the Adams family. On them depends a great deal. The defense says that "Steve" Adams is not made of the same stuff as Harry Orchard. The prosecution is up against it this time.

By the way, Mrs. Adams says her husband may not be a handsome man, but nobody would ever recognize the pictures that have appeared in the newspapers as any resemblance to him.

is an opinion which you cannot lay aside as you go into the trial of the case? A. I CERTAINLY WOULD BE INFLUENCED.

Q. But one which can be removed by evidence, if enough evidence should be introduced upon that subject? A. (Witness nods affirmatively.)

Q. You would have no evidence introduced upon it would have the same opinion which you have now? A. I suppose, if there should be no evidence introduced to change your opinion, I should have the same opinion you have now? A. Yes.

Q. And if some evidence should be introduced to change your opinion, would you look upon it and some of which should be against you, and you would look more kindly upon it and more readily believe that part of the evidence which sustained the view which you now have? A. YES, AND I WOULD BE INFLUENCED BY IT.

Q. And you would look less kindly and place less credence on that evidence which would oppose the view which you now hold? A. Probably I would.

Q. And at the end of all of the evidence, if a part of it should sustain the view which you now have and a part of it should be opposed to the view which you now have and you are uncertain from it what to do, your verdict would probably be in accordance with the opinion which you now have? A. I had any doubt about it my verdict would be for the defendant.

Q. You would have any reasonable doubt in the case of course your verdict would be for the defendant.

Q. If evidence which would be introduced to change your opinion should be in accordance with your opinion, and a part of it should be against the opinion you now have, in that event, giving greater credence to the evidence which would be introduced on the part of the state, your verdict would be for the state, or would it be influenced by it? A. I would be influenced by it.

MR. RICHARDSON: Now, if your Honor please, I desire to challenge the jury for implied bias, in that he has formed an unjustified opinion or belief of the truth of the offense charged.

MR. BORAH: We deny the challenge.

THE COURT: Is that all the evidence you wish to introduce in this challenge under this subdivision of the statute?

MR. RICHARDSON: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You may examine (to counsel for the prosecution).

MR. BORAH: I think we will submit. I don't think, if your Honor please.

QUESTIONS BY THE COURT:

Q. Mr. Eoff, did the court de-

and you say in case you are sworn as a juror in this case that you will act upon the opinion or impression you have, instead of upon the sworn evidence in the case? A. No, I don't think so. I think you will act upon the opinion or impression you may have at the present time relating to the guilt or innocence of the defendant. A. I think I could.

THE COURT: THE CHALLENGE WILL BE DENIED.

MR. RICHARDSON: I would like to ask a question in view of the fact that the last answer to your Honor will permit me to ask a question relating to this examination.

MR. RICHARDSON: I was, but your Honor examined, and I would like to examine now in view of the fact that the last answer to your Honor is entirely opposed to the answer, as I understand it, which he gave to you.

THE COURT: THE COURT WILL DENY THE APPLICATION FOR THE REOPENING OF THE MATTER.

MR. RICHARDSON: Very well; if your Honor please, I now desire to challenge the jury for actual bias, in that, that he has shown a state of mind with reference to the case, "in which you exercise of a sound discretion on the part of the court will lead to the belief that he is not impartial in the case, in that he is biased against the defendant, William D. Haywood."

MR. BORAH: We deny that challenge.

MR. RICHARDSON: I would like to take an exception to the order overruling the challenge, and I would like to question him upon this last challenge, if your Honor please.

QUESTIONS BY MR. RICHARDSON:

I understood you to say to me that you would be considering this evidence as it should be introduced in the light of the opinion which you now have?

You would be considering the evidence as introduced in the light of the opinion which you now have, is it, IT WOULD INFLUENCE YOU IN THE CONSIDERATION OF THE EVIDENCE? A. YES.

Q. THAT IT WOULD GO WITH YOU INTO THE TRIAL OF THE CASE? A. YES.

Q. THAT IT WOULD GO WITH YOU INTO THE TRIAL OF THE CASE? A. YES.

Q. AND YOU WOULD BE TESTING THE EVIDENCE IN THE LIGHT OF THAT OPINION, AT LEAST FOR A WHILE IN THE CASE? A. WELL, YES.

Q. AND MAYBE AT THE END OF THE CASE YOU WOULD STILL TEST IT BY THAT OPINION? A. YES.

Q. When you say to the court that you can and will try the case solely upon the sworn evidence, does that mean to say that you will try it that way in the first instance but you will try to try it that way, isn't that your idea?

A. Well, I would like to convey to you what I mean to be perfectly frank and clear about it—

I want to convey the idea that I would be influenced in the way that I have now, or have read and what I have heard in regard to it and by the opinion with people, and at the same time that the evidence in the case, if that was contrary to any view I have formed or any opinion that I may have on the subject, that I would be governed by the evidence.

Q. THEN YOU START INTO THE CASE WITH A CONDITION OF MIND WHICH MAY BE CHANGED BY THE EVIDENCE? A. YES.

Q. BUT WHICH WITHOUT THE INTRODUCTION OF THAT EVIDENCE WOULD GO WITH YOU THROUGH THE TRIAL OF THE CASE? A. JUST AS I SAID BEFORE, IT CERTAINLY HAS AN INFLUENCE.

Q. AND AS THE EVIDENCE IS INTRODUCED, WILL BE DETERMINED IN THE LIGHT OF THE OPINION YOU NOW HOLD TO SOME EXTENT? A. YES.

MR. RICHARDSON: Now, if your Honor please, we insist upon the challenge.

MR. BORAH: I would like to ask a question.

THE COURT: You may do so.

QUESTIONS BY MR. BORAH:

Q. Mr. Eoff, I understood you to say that you would try this case upon the sworn evidence, and you would not be influenced by any opinion which you have, or impression, or prejudice one way or the other in the case? A. No, I don't think it amounts to anything. I think I have a bias or prejudice against the defendant in the case.

(Continued on Page 4)



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Other things being equal, I promise to support the advertisers in "The Socialist." Signed,  
TWO HUNDRED BOOSTERS IN SEATTLE.

the local hall in Portland, who seemed to be entertained satisfactorily. Judging from the attention given, we have little doubt that Sherman county, for June 8, and hope to further continue to use him at points in and about The Dalles.  
C. W. BARZER.

## THE CLEARING HOUSE

(Continued from Page 2.)  
"The Socialist" with trying to retard the work of all the other Socialist papers and in order to show that they do not believe in such action they do all in their power to retard the work of this paper. Consistency, thou art a Jew!"

ANOTHER ONE.  
Victoria, B. C., May 25, 1907.  
Sirs:—"The Socialist" did not arrive a fortnight ago and I concluded that, my subscription having expired, you had dropped by name from the list, but the arrival of two copies last week showed you had not. I enclose 10c to pay for the extra copies you have sent, which my name to be dropped. The narrow, intolerant spirit shown by "The Socialist" is, to my mind, the greatest drawback there is to the Socialist movement. I am enormously sick of it, and shall not be sorry to see both the papers and lecturers who take this position go under while I support a broader and more tolerant movement which will stand for the highest ideal of Socialism. I fear "The Socialist," like "The Western Clarion," is beyond redemption, and with hands trying are in the present time."  
With hopes of your conversion to a better frame of mind, I remain,  
Yours sincerely,  
JAMES T. STUTT.

This is another example of the "broad-mindedness" displayed by our opponents. When they cannot answer my arguments, they attempt to make them, they take refuge in calling us "narrow, bigoted and intolerant," and prove their broadness and tolerance by stopping their subscriptions and refusing to even listen to what we have to say. We assure Mr. Stott that we are quite as sick of the attitude assumed by him as he can possibly be of us.

And so on, without end. This is a sample of what we go up against week after week. The pleasant remains, however, that the number of comrades who support us because of their dislike of our tactics is constantly increasing, while the number of chivalrous folks of the kind quoted is constantly diminishing. Socialists are coming to learn that they can differ with one another without becoming personal enemies, and that because there is such difference of opinion as to the best way to proceed, it is because you do not like the tactics of your opponents' whippers or your wife doesn't like the way his wife puts up her back hair.

The life and progress of our Socialist party depends on the discussion and adjustment of these differences, and must necessarily arise and any attempt to evade responsibility by saying that the differences are not real, these differences can only result in a decrease in the effectiveness of the party as a weapon for the emancipation of the working class.—E. B. A.

## EMMA GOLDMAN.

Emma Goldman is slated to make three lectures in Seattle at the Socialist Temple, corner Fourth and Pine streets. Her first meeting will be Sunday afternoon, June 3, at 2 o'clock, on "Science, Logic of Anarchism." Tuesday evening, June 11, at 8 o'clock, she will speak on "Direct Action and Political Action," and Wednesday night, at the same place, on "Revolutionary Spirit of the Modern Drama." The admission is 15 cents, 25 cents for reserved seats; 60 cents for the entire course. Miss Goldman has been holding big meetings along the Coast and it is expected she will have equal success here. There is some probability that Washington will arrest her.

**SOCIALIST SCHOOL TEACHERS WANTED**—Several of our Socialist members at large who are directors of small district schools in the country wish to engage Socialist Teachers for the fall and winter terms. Who will try their best to get the children interested in Socialism. Address "THE SOCIALIST," Box 1673, Seattle, Wn. (Paid Adv.)

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# Parley

By Erwin B. Ault

## SEATTLE NOTES.

Local Seattle headquarters are now located at 1603 Sixth avenue, corner of Pike street.

The following action was taken by Local Seattle Executive Committee on Sunday upon the request of the State Executive Committee to try Walter Thos. Mills on the charges of fusion made against him.  
J. N. Bonill made a motion to file the State Executive Committee's letter.  
Ray S. La Barre moved that the Local secretary address the courteous communication to the State Executive Committee stating that Local Seattle is in mass meeting assembled, had adjourned on ground that there were no charges before the body, the document having been withdrawn from the possession of the body, and that the State Executive Committee being a body subject to the entire Local, declines to override the will of the Local as expressed. This motion was seconded.  
Wagenknecht then moved the following: That the Seattle Executive Committee call a mass meeting, Local Seattle, to meet in Labor Temple two weeks from this date, to try the charges against Walter Thos. Mills, preferred by the Canadian Executive Committee, sent by the body to the State Committee of Washington, a copy of which was sent by the State Committee to the Seattle Executive Committee.

Wagenknecht argued that the Seattle Executive Committee would in no way over ride the will of the entire Local in calling a mass meeting to try the charges against Walter Thos. Mills, had not yet expressed its will on these charges. LaBarre's motion prevailed.

## GENERAL.

The objectionable Primary law which was endorsed in the Congress of legislation and against the object of which the Socialist Party has taken a strong stand, has been rejected by the judicial committee.

The proposition before the National Executive Committee regarding the arrangements for financial assistance in the matter of a correspondent at Seattle, Idaho, failed of action. The vote of the National Executive Committee was in favor of the affirmative vote was received too late to be counted.

National Committee Motion No. 7, was defeated by the following vote: Affirmative, 10; negative, 35; not voting, 11. Vote closed May 25th. The motion contemplated the calling of a conference of labor organizations in the event of the occurrence of a strike, by Moyer, Haywood or Pettibone. The vote of G. F. Bentley, National Chairman of Oklahoma was received too late to be counted.

Japanese Socialists held their first national convention at Tokyo, February 17. A program was adopted and after a warm discussion a proposition to have no political action was put for direct action via the revolutionary strike, was defeated 23 to 20. It is believed, however, that the view of the conditions existing in Japan at the present time that the policy of direct action will finally prevail. Shortly after the convention adjourned the Socialist Party of Japan was formally dissolved by the government on the plea that it disturbed the social peace.

There have been no new developments in the case of the Federal government against Fred D. Warren, managing editor of the Appeal to Reason. Warren was charged with "incriminating" the Appeal to Reason and "defamatory" matter. If he can't shut us out by postal restrictions they will get at us in other ways. Trial is set for the November term.

European opportunists are again being taught the lesson that a radical is not a Socialist. Clemenceau's action in killing every attempt at remedial legislation for the working class has called forth a great speech of seven hours' length from Jaures, in which the so-called "Socialist" French ministry were roundly scored for their part in the betrayal of the working class. The great article of the logchoppers and sailors and the use of "blacklocks" as attack weapons has also opened the eyes of some of our simple-minded comrades, and will make them less likely to trust every thing the capitalists say merely because they call themselves radical. May we hope that the experience of the French Socialists will reach us in America?

The "Olympia State Capital," Blee Eddy's paper, says that the opportunists, though they composed one-third of the convention, did not secure representation on either the ticket for National Committee, State Executive Committee or State Committee. This is very much mistaken. It is true they have no representation among the candidates for National Committee, but they have one nominee on the State Executive Committee, and six on the State Committee, quite as many as they were entitled to.

A New York judge has decided in the case of Comrade Friedman, a noted Socialist soap-boxer of that city, that the display of the red flag at meetings is a crime. This is the sentence Comrade Friedman to a fine of \$100 and a month's imprisonment. New York comrades will fight the case through all the courts of the state, if necessary.

## WASHINGTON PARTY NEWS.

Comrade James Lind is painting a sign 15 feet long which will be placed on top of the roof of his new home, which will be seen by all who pass. The sign will announce to the thousands of picnickers on the seashore that "SOCIALISM IS THE HOPE OF THE WORLD."

Comrade Osborne will arrive by boat in Seattle and will begin his tour along the Coast. He will be in Seattle on July 4th on the financial basis of \$4 per week and railroad fare. This will be under the late rule of the State Committee. Locals who will secure his services should make their intentions known at once to the state office. Posters announcing these meetings will be furnished to locals.

This hot weather does not stop the

the local hall in Portland, who seemed to be entertained satisfactorily. Judging from the attention given, we have little doubt that Sherman county, for June 8, and hope to further continue to use him at points in and about The Dalles.  
C. W. BARZER.

