TEN WEEKS 10 CENTS

The Socialist

A COPY

TO ORGANIZE SLAVES OF CAPITAL TO VOTE THEIR OWN EMANCIPATION

Vol. L

SEATTLE, WASH., SUNDAY, SEPT. 23, 1900.

LIEBKNECHT'S VICTORY

MAGNIFICENT DEMONSTRATION

From the Hearts of German Workingmen. Socialism such as this Can Never Die. International Solidarity of the Workers of the World. American Socialists, Read this and become Class Conscious. Breathe the Air of the Greater Patriotism. Join the True Grand Army.

and white flowers, with Liebknecht's initials in red geraniums in the center. The dead man's small study, with its piles of papers, where so many well-known men and women had sat and talked with him, was strangely still and silent, and the air was laden with the almost overpowering scent of the innumerable withs and flowers which had alread been sent from all parts of Europe. By the actual time of the funeral five thousand of these had arrived and the Berlin Postoffice had arrived, and the Berlin Postomice states that never for Kaiser of for King had such a wealth of flowers passed through their hands. Of Mrs Liebknecht and the family it is of course, impossible for mes more than briefly to speak. In tears they clasped hands and welcomed me as a bearer of affection and sympathy from the England which husband and father had loved so well.

Let me say once for all that the whole funeral is indescribable. No written or spoken words can convey any sense whatever of its simplicity, its grandeur, and its Strength, for the latter word is the best I can use. From seven o clock this morning tens of thousands of people from all parts of Germany poured into Berlin, and when we reached Charlottenburg we

found a living sea of humanity.

Presently bared heads noted that Liebknecht had begun his last journey Never can I forget that journey. We Never can I forget that journey. We had to march ten miles from the west to the east of Berlin. In long procession 100,000 men and women guarded the body, and in the streets it is no exaggeration to say that a million more must have been present. For the whole of the ten miles, on both sides of the streets they stood always sides of the streets they stood always. sides of the streets, they stood always ten deep, and in many instances twen As we passed the side streets we saw that as far as the eye could reach they were also full. Every window, and every one of the balconies for were olack with humanity. And it was to a comminant one belonging to the no mere impulse of sight-seeing, city of Berlin, and it was chosen because in it the police had no power to sines the early hours of the morning. Power typesking. For this, permission had been given by the municipal that is the faces and we could see on their ity. It is a beautiful place, leafy wind, countenances the signs of a solemn ing walks, and trees and flowers in hours the vast crowd filed silently dell Phillips of the producing classes.

The saddest, but at the same time strain of grief. We left the house at the most glorious and inspiring functions o'clock and did not reach the cemthe most glorious and inspiring function I have ever witnessed, is over, and our comrade. Withelm Liebknecht is at rest in his honored grave.

Delegated by the Executive Council of the S. D. F. to attend the funeral, I left London on Friday night.

I took with me the wreath, which I had brought from the Executive, of red and white flowers with Liebknecht's place in Europe. Our French, come and white flowers with Liebknecht's place in Europe. Our French, come place in Europe. Our French com rades said that the nearest approach to it was the funeral of Victor Hugo. The correspondent of an English news-paper told me that the week before he had been to the funeral of the Duke of Coburg, and that all the talk there had been of the grief of the people there was absolute rubbish, for he v I told Lafargue that our Fabians believed that Marx was of the past and that the future was with Bernstein. "Ah," said Lafargue, grimly, "let Bernstein die and see if he can gather round him such a funeral as this old Marxist."

The hearse was followed by the Socialist members of the Reichstag, headed by Bebel and Singer, whose faces were white and drawn with pain. Then came the Socialist municipal councillors, the foreign delegates, the "Vor waerts" staff and the representatives from the cities of Germany. It shows the bitter feeling of the Bourgeoisie when I mention that not a single member of any of the other political parties in the Reichstag openly attended the funeral. But the dead man did without them as he has done while living. We were told that there were six bands in the procession but we heard not a drum nor a funeral note concourse was too enormous. Nothing for hours but the steady ceaseless tramp of conscious Socialism, and it was the music of that which, could Liebknecht have heard it, he would have valued above all else.

As the evening shadows began to lengthen we learned that ahead of us was another procession of Liebknecht's constituents. A mile from the ceme-tery gates we found that, with their wives and children, thousands of them the gained over sixty thousand votes at his last election), had lined each side of the road and were waiting for us with bared heads. And so the body of their loved leader member and friend passed through a human aque-

abundance. From the gate to the past with bared heads to take the last abundance. From the gate to the small communal hall in the center is about half a mile, and the road was lined on both sides with sad-faced men and women, over a thousand of them, mute as statues but with tearstained faces, each bearing a wreath. Every trade union in Germany had sent one. Through them we passed hearing for the first time during the day the wail ing strains, not of the Dead March in "Saul," with its hackneyed military associations, but of Baethoven, and Chopia's Funeral March

Into the little hall, which would only hold about 200 of us, the coffin, a wooden one encased in a massive conper sacrophagus, was reverently carried and placed in an alcove which embroidered in ivy and laurel and lit by scores of massive wax candles. By this time the growing strain had become intense, and it culminated when from an ante-room we heard the notes of a weird funeral dirge exquisitely sung by an invisible work-men's Socialist choir. The undercurmen's Socialist choir. The american rent of sobs from men and women was almost a relief, for the strain was growing too great to be borne. Gently growing too great to be sorne. Gentify Singer beckoned the foreign delegates to take their places by him, and then Bebel stepped to the side of the cof-fin and delivered the funeral oration over the body of him who for thirtyfive years had been his closest inti-mate friend. Broken by emotion, his words told of the dead man's character and work and of what in him had lost. Then in a quick and b Then in a quick and brief succession Adler, his spare form quivering with emotion; Lafargue, with passionate declamation for revolution-Socialism; Gerault Richard; my self, with our message of sympathy from England; Anseele, with his fer-vid Belgic eloquice; and comrades from Holland, Denmark, Switzerland Hungary, Poland, all voiced, not mere ly lamentation, but hope for Socialism of tomorrow. Then another dirge, and slowly we took our way to the grave. In the rays of the setting sun the procession twined in and out the winding paths, and through the green trees the sheen of the coffin and the red of the wreath ribbons gleamed. curiously enough, like a rosy dawn, typical of what the Socialism for which Liebknecht had lived and died should yet be. The closing and im-pressive oration at the grave was decrowd. People had elimbed to the roofs of six-story houses, and the scanfoldings of unfinished buildings were black with humanity. And it was no mere impulse of sight-seeing. These people had waited nationally considered to the livered by Singer. Two more songs by the choir, with a growing note of triumpa in them, the countless were black with humanity. And it was to mutual one belonging to the city of Berlin, and it was chosen be did in picturesque confusion and recommendations.

look at their leader, comrade and friend.

One thing more I want to say. These utterly inadequate words of mine will go all oper the world to our comrades in many lands. Many of them have never been in Germany, and probably never will go. I would that I could convey to them any real idea of the strength and solidarity of the German Social-Democratic party. The extra-ordinary and perfect discipline and power of organization which was manifested at the funeral is a marvel. But it is not mere discipline, not mere per functory organization. These are the outcome of that conscious Social Democracy which in Germany has seized hold of the minds, the hearts, the brains of the flower of the German workers. They are organized and dis-ciplined because they know that only thus can they really emancipate them-selves and their fellows. And among them there is no quarreling. Differences of opinion there are as is natural, for Social-Democracy would be doomed at once were we all in the same mental groove; but those are of the outside. The inner strength arises from the conviction that Socialism and alone holds the key of the social future, and that not for one mo-ment shall be tolerated one particle of those personal jealousies which in the past have been stumbling-blocks in the path of great causes For all of us n all countries, unity and solidarity must be the watchwords of the present and the future. For this Wil-helm Liebknecht lived and toiled-we should foul his memory and his grave were we to fall behind.—Herbert Burrows, in London 'Justice,

DEBS A WENDELL PHILLIPS.

(From the Woman's Journal, Aug. 25) When Mr. William J. Bryan coming to California, four years ago. a number of Pasadena women wrote to nim asking him not to forget the wo-men in his speech. One lady wrote One lady wrote him that it had been said that the few but strong words spoken by Mr. Debs when there, had done more for woman suffrage among the workingmen than all the women had done and she trusted he would do as much Democrats and Silver I among the Republicans These letters were handed him by a committee that met him at San Bernardino. But, although his text was the "equality of all before the law," and although in many portions of his speech it seemed as though he must include women, not one word did he say. I have since trarned that he is opposed to the enfranchisement of city of Berlin, and it was subsected to the cause in it the police had no power to last Liebknecht, the old soldier of the cause in it the police had no power to last Liebknecht, the old soldier of the opposed to the contractions where the police had no power to the contraction of the production of

Che Socialist

THE SOCIALIST EDUCATIONAL UNION 220 Union St., Seattle, Wash.

50 Centira Year. 10 Weeks 10 Cents



Single copies 2 cents each Twenty or more, 12 cent each

Entered as second class matter at Seattle, Wash., postoffice.

AMONG THE PROSPECTERS.

Fom Island County, Beyond the bounds of Imperial Prosperity have promised me to subscribe for The Socialist, and I hope to soon but just now cents are as scarce with as sense with a Democratic or Re publican workingman.

Dr. Angus, from Prosser. Yakima county, has a good word: "Say, old man, I like our paper. How it hurts my plutocratic friends here!

We keep the precinct flooded with all the good things and expect to give a good account of ourselves Nov.

Say, yourself, Doctor, why don't you us the news over there? Th say you have a county ticket in the field. Is that so? And what are you Yakima comrades doing to organize

Please consider yourself news cor espondent for The Socialist. And you other county committeemen. Ditto.

Emil Herman, of Lyman, county, who is not afraid to sign himself "Socialist Worker," and that's bet-ter than Socialist speaker or Socialist organizer, or Social candidate, or any other sort, this Socialist worker writes: "I tell you the amount of So-cless votes we scare up here this fall win surprise some of the old burgers." I am

catching L for endeavoring to complicate the political situation here, but think I can stand some warmth, as the days get cooler." As "the cold for Rogers comes on, he means.

Palmer Mass: Received sample copy. Thanks. Send me one copy for 10 weeks for enclosed 10 cents. Hope you will furnish some wide awake reading, and thereby promote cause of Socialism." If you get s If you get sleepy reading The Socialist, don't renew your sub. when that ten weeks is up.

From Nelson A. Lee, Northbend, ing county: "A stray copy of your King county: paper fell in my hands. Have long since been a Socialist. First in this part of the country. All the rest are due to my labor, and there are a good many now." That's the story from all over the state-"a good many with our "stray copies." address of any Socialist you know or ever heard of anywhere in Washing-

"Socialist: Enclosed find 10 cents for your paper for ten weeks. If it is good I will take more. You bet anything is good that will benefit the working people and knock the villains out that have us by the throat"-Clallam County.

Comrade Hogan spoke last Friday night at Roslyn coal mines, from a wagon under an electric light. "Gen-uine slave-camp." "One of the boys told me this morning the Manager of the Northwest Improvement Co., seeing him speaking to me after the meet-ing, advised him "to be more circuming, advised him spect in the society he kept."

Hogan goes now to Ellensburg, North Yakima, Pasco, Walla Walla, Dayton, Pomeroy, Colfax, Spokane. Look out for him.

Organizer Burgess is doing efficient

sending \$8.50 dues for whole vear Must have been catching sal mon lately at Beach.

Capt. J. H. May, one of the oldest Socialists in the state of Washington A.R. man from the Soldlers' Home well known throughout the State, has been appointed Deputy-organizer for King, Pierce and Kitsap counties. He country." The too, will "live off, the The State pays only his traveling expenses

Last Sunday a few of the comrades, led by Wm. F. Hanbury, went acrors the Sound to Colby to hold a meeting. They came back with Charter application signed by HIX names and reporting that many others were ready in the near country. So it goes all along the line. Every indi-cation of a big vote if we only find

COUNTY TICKETS AT ONCE

The State Committee is confronted with a peculiar situation. In many counties there's no S. D. P. organiza In many tion. Yet there are many scattered Socialists in every county. Our contion. stitution requires that all candidates shall have been active members of the Social Democratic Party for six months. At the outset of a new party it is impossible to enforce this pro-vision literally. Socialism has grown faster than its organization.

The question is, What shall be done in counties where there is no organization but where Socialists desire to put up a ticket? Such a ticket must be put up before October 16-only 23 days from now

There are two ways of proceeding First, This is the best there is no reason except that of expenss, why it should not be followed, if done at once. This is it: Organize at once as directed in No. 5 or No. 1, of The Socialist. Immediately thereafter issue a call to other Social Democrats in your county to meet at a giv en place and time, not later than Oc Publish your call in this tober 14. Hold your convention. and file your nominations as directed in No. 5. If there should happen to be two or more calls issued in the same county, the State Committee will harmonize them at Headquarters.

Second. In case you find it impos sible to organize—for lack of time or money—any Socialist or Socialists, one or more, may issue the call and

proceed exactly as above directed. In order, however, to use the Social Democratic Party name, the State Committee would require a pledge from every man named as candidate that he would immediately organize a Local in his vicinity and thus become a member of the party.

One other word. No true Socialist will be guilty of any trading of votes in this or any election. No nomination for the Social Democratic ticket will be used for purposes-of personal gain or to promote or hinder the chances of any Republican or Democratic nominee, if the State Committee of the S. D. P. can prevent. It is to preclude the possibility of such trading that our party is constituted as it It is not an open organization like the other parties. Its membership is voted on and registered. Every com rade has subscribed to certain principles and is pledged to certain tactics Fidelity to the working class and ab solutely no compromise with a capi talist party or candidate, are funda-mental. We will not be sold out by any traitor, and any nominee under the S. D. P. name who shall do any political bartering in the coming campaign will be exposed and denounced by this paper, and the State Committee work in Whatcom and Skagit counties. will undoubtedly take every means in Organized new Local at Beach, on its power to make his future connec-Lummi Island, wi. six charter mem- tion with the party impossible.

ODD AND NOT ODD.

Odd. That a Labor Union paper, pure and simple, should take a politi-cal stand, even while protesting it is ot in politics

Odd, That a Labor Union "official" program should contain an advertise-ment of Republican candidates and Democratic candidates, and never a chance offered for the Workingman's wn candidates, the Socialists

Odd. That a Labor Union paper should claim that "organized Labor" was "slapped in the face" by the Demo Republican conventions when organized Labor had not author zed a single candidature before any of the conventions

Odd, That a Labor Union paper not in politics' should publish a la ored editorial on Politics, in which the only party expressly attacked is Laboring man's party itself

Odd. That a Labor Union paper, not in politics," should knife the most eminent and respected Union man in America, Eugene V. Debs, simply beause he is the Social Democratic can didat for President.

Odd. Tor President
Odd. That an intelligent editor
should not see that a Socialist Party
is the only possible "Labor Party."
without
the Socialist demand, "The Capitalist must go in order that the Laborer may be fr.e," would be an absurd and help as party, the prey of politicians and leaders, a ship without power.

rudder, captain or port.

Odd. That an intelligent editor should give as a reason for not supporting Debs, that "those avowing Socialist principles are worse divided than the Workingmen." when the fact is all Socialists are a unit for Debs and Harriman except-a mere fraction of the Socialist Labor Party, the personal following of De Leon, of New

Not odd, not at all odd. That all these tnings should occur under the control of one of the most active Democratic politicians in Seattle, secretary for years of the Democratic County Comlittee. Business Manager of the Union Record and Secretary of the Western

A SELF CONSCIOUS INFANT.

A Lusty Infant. Out in Washington the comrades are bringing out a little but lively paper. The Socialist, that is improving with every issue. In the last number is an account of the way they did up some Single Tax orators in Seattle, until they decided they did not want to debate with the Social We used to have that same kind ists. of fun in Chicago, but the Single Tax club passed a resolution over a year ago that it was not "profitable to hold any further debates with the Socialists."—The Workers' Call, Chicago.

The Washington comrades are issuing a bright little campaign weekly from the headquarters at 220 Union The Social Democrats streat, Seattle. Washington seem to be working with characteristic Western vigor and the national and state tickets will both be heard from in November.—The People, N. Y.

One of the brightest Socialist papers we see is The Socialist of Seattle, Wa It is small but it manages to crowd a great deal of the "straight into its short columns.-Peo-

ple's Paper, Santa Barbara, Cal Sample copy of The Socialist received and am much pleased with same. The style is neat, the matter bold, clean and truly Socialistic, May it meet with the success it deserves Enclosed find my subscription for same.—Arthur L. Stone, State Secretary S. D. P., St. Louis.

In all precincts with 250 voters you must register by Oct. 16. Have you?

PREMIUM OFFERS

First, For three 10-cent subscrip-tions to The Socialist, we will forward by mail a Debs and Harriman cam paign button, fine enamel finish photographs of both Debs and Harriman on it and bearing the legend, Socialist standard bearers, forming an elegant and effective camist should wear from now to election

Second, For three 10-cent scriptions we will mail a conv Job Harriman's great Class War in Idaho." the only true account of the Bull Pen outrages in the Coeur d'Alenes, a thrilling story of wage-slavery, written by our own nominee for Vice-President book would be published by a Capitalist book company for at least one dollar

Third, For five 10 cent subscrip-tions we will send both the abovenamed articles.

The only condition of these premium offers is, the subscriptions addresses plainly written shall be mailed to us by October 8th, 1900, and reference made to notice.

ANOTHER OFFER

If you receive a copy of this paper with this notice marked with blue pencil. you are invited to send to us the address of at least one person in your neighborhood, who is a Socialas or socialistically inclined. For this favor we will send you a cop of Harriman's Class War in Idaho, a book containing a full bisson. containing a full history of the Tenyears' conflict between the poor min-ers and the Standard Oil Company, right here in our Neighbor-State. Reads like a romance, and worth a dollar

TREASURER'S REPORT. *

Receipts.	
Am't reported last week	\$165.67
Sept. 14-A. F. Lindwall, 4-5	
(10 subs.)	1.00
14th-Subscriptions	9.00
.oth-E. E. Martin (7 subs.)	* .70
15th-L. N. Kirk (10 subs.)	1.00
15th-J. D. Curtis 4- (20 subs.).	2.00
15th-H. F. Titus 6 (5 subs.)	.50
15th-H. W. Titus 6- (5 subs.).	.50
15th-H. Holtkamp 6- (5 subs.)	50
16th-J V Mudgett 5-6 (10 subs)	1.90
16th-Ida W Mudgett 5-6 (10 s)	1.00
16th-H. H. House 5 (10 subs.)	1.00
16th-Geo. Vonderheid 5-6 (10)	1.00
16th-Chas DeMotte 2-3-4 (15 s)	1.50

33.25

. 81	86.37
Expenses.	
mt. reported last week\$1	12.57
3th-Pigott & French Co	
2,000 copies 5 and 6	37.45
3th-Seattle Eng. Co. (2	
pictures)	3.00
5th—Postage	.10
	F9 +0

MEETING OF STATE COMMITTEE.

Sept 16, 1900.
Present: H. F. Present: H. F. Titus, Mrs. I. W. Mudgett and J. D. Curtis.

Balance on Hand

Moved and carried to pay expenses of first campaign meeting at Ranke Hall, amounting to \$16.75, \$6.20 of which was paid by Local Seattle.

Moved and carried to approve expense of organizing Colby, amounting to \$4.50.

Applications of Renton and Beach for charters were approved. Organizer reported that Wm. Hogan

had been sent to the eastern part of the State to prosecute the campaign there.

Expenses of Treasurer to and from

the meeting were allowed.

Adjourned. J. D. CURTIS. Secretary

As Black Ones.

DISFRANCHISE THEM BOTH, SAYS LESLIE'S WEEKLY.

if there is a large and victous negro element in the South, there is also quite as large and just as vicious a white element among the ignorant voters massed along the seaboard and in our great cities. They come fresh from the purdeus of vice and the dens of anarchy and Socialism. They march with the red flags and they carry the assassin's dagger. They have no more respect for our constitu-tion and flag than they had when they lived in foreign slums. Yet these crea tures, who have regard for neither the virtue of women nor the property rights of men, flock to the polls of the great cities of the North and West cast their votes, and have them count ed on the same basis as the vote of every decent man.

There have been times when this element has virtually dominated the politics of New York, San Francisco and other cities. Negro domination could not be worse that that which they inflicted. Such evils have occurred, and may occur again and com munities that have suffered from them have a special sympathy for the peo ple of the South who have refused to submit to the domination of the ignor ant and the vicious; but the policy of repression must be broad enough and ist and fair enough to meet the exigency in the North as well as in the South, and there will therefore, be a general acquiescence in the recom-mendation of ex-Gov. McCorkle in favor in honest educational and pro-perty qualification, administered fair-ly for the black and the white voter.

Dens of Anarchy and Socialism.

Red riags and Assassin's Dagger Read how they mix things up deceive and confuse their readers. The Red Flag that stands for Blood-Brotherhood, "the incalculably aged flag of labor," is coupled with the assassin's dagger. Socialism that stands for peace and co-operation even more than the Quaker himself, disregarding all National boundaries in its tions of the common interests of all workers, that Socialism is coupled with anarchy-not ignorantly but wilfully in order to excite prejudice and passion.

Capitalism with its "decent men makes its "ignorant voters" and its "purlieus of vice" and then proposes to deprive them of the ballot lest they dominate the rich and decent and virtuons

Treat these white workers as you have the black workers of the South, disfranchise them by "an honest educational and property qualification. If the educational qualification is not sufficient, add a property qualification Then the intellectual proletariat as well as tramp proletariat will be excluded from the functions of government

But your McCorkles and Thomp sons and Steunenbergs and McKinleys would better go slow. This is still a nation of white men, not coolies, black, brown, or yellow, and if the ballot be denied to descendents of the Vikings, those who sow the wind must expect to reap the whirlwind.

A postal card costing one cent, containing the names and addresses of Socialists in your own and adjacent localities, would do as much good to the cause as one dollar in the hands of the State Committee. A man happens to see a copy of The Socialist-result, the foundation of a good local.

SOCIALIST SNAP SHOTS.

No intelligent disinterested person can really doubt the manifold and su preme advantages, to the many, that would arise from public ownership That trees would not bear fruit nor hens lay eggs unless the shadow of a capitalist fell upon them, seems to be the opinion of some people we hear pretending to discuss the matter. They may be givided into two classes—thos densely ignorant of economies and those who hope in some way to profit by the system of Capitalist exploita

Say, you working men, who believe in competition. There never was a better chance for you than right here in Seattle. Have just heard a man just heard a man ertain enterprises. Mr. Hill is build ing those big ships, but there's that question of a sugar refinery, for in-stance. A little matter of ten millions might at least suffice to establish the plant. Go through your old clothes and rake up your rusty nickels. Get a move obyou and "compete" with Mr. Havemeyer

Did you see anything in the Capi talist newspapers about the great fun eral of Wilhelm Liebknecht, in Berlin Suppose it had been the funeral of a king, an emperor, or even some petty prince or capitalist. Would you not have found a lengthy account of it on the first page of our dailies, with big headings and illustrations? Yes. But headings and illustrations? Yes. But Liebknecht was one of the fathers of Socialism, you see. A hundred thous and people formed a lining wall on ither side, miles in length, through which the earthly remains of the pe ple's beloved friend was borne to the grave The representatives of Social ism from every nation stood by his bier. More than a million people thronged the streets of Berlin. Over five thousand floral tributes were sent through the mails alone. Liebknecht through the mails alone. was one of the world's truly great, the emancipator and friend of Humanity Newspapers, such as ours, the mouth piece of Capitalist class, as a rule do not publish that kind of news

I can not get the editor to quit talk ing about the Single Tax, that benevolent scheme which offers to our class so much more advantage than Socialism does. Our class, the class that owns things, ought to stand by it. A scheme which offers to free from taxation our diamonds, our gold and silver plate, our palatial mansions, our coaches and our steam yachts, etc. It makes me groan to think they are even now sometimes taxed, but under Socialism we wouldn't even have them if we didn't earn them ourselves, will die in the last ditch, fighting that kind of a thing.

The proper thing to tax, of course, is a poor man's farm. Many a poor nigger and white man in the South, who owns a little farm, frequently has six bits left when the cotton gin own shouldn't that go for a land tax?

That's what Niger

That's what Niggers and poor white folks are for—to pay taxes (even though the darkey is disfranchised, and by the Single Tax party) to pay and furnish profits for private capitalists. That's what they are for. and possibly God made 'em for that.

Secure in faith we wait the day As watchers wait the morning light The false alone need dread the day For time will only strengthen right ELEANOR SHELL.

THE WORKERS' POLITICS.

I felt in my bones that there was the usual amount of lying in the newspapers about the fishermen's recent strike on the Fraser River, in British olumbia, so I wrote to a member of the Fishermen's Union at Nancony have secured what I believe to be the bottom facts in the case, or at any rate I would rather believe the state ment of a unionist than an Associated Press dispatch dictated by the cannery owners

The papers ten about the piles of money the ashermen are making. This union man says that taking a numb years together so as to get good and had conditions, the fishermen in debt for a bare living! The can neries intentionally misled the unsus pecting public by telling of a catch, as though it was an every day

The Fishermen's Union wanted 25 cents a fish, but the canneries swear that that exorbitant price would bank rupt them in a holy minute-and then turned right around and paid that amount, with duty added, to the Ameri can fishermen across the line!

And the canneries have a iltry of receiving a portion of the catch regular prices and then claiming that they are fully supplied and will 10 cents for the "surplus. pay only So no matter what price they estensi bly gave, this meanness would cut down the average price to beggars

The canneries had the soldiers call. d out to compel the fishermen to obey the law. Well lets see how much real espect the cannery owners have for the law, themselves

They have an agent in Japan, ship ping Jap fishermen over to Frazer river, and furnishing them with the ne cessary papers, talsely sworn to, the equisite amount of money furnished them, etc., to enable them to get a fisherman's license, all and sundry being a direct and flagrant violation of the fishing laws. Oh, how they love the law-which is for the fishermen and not for the cannery owners.

. . .

The fishing laws allow each cannery to have 10 licenses each, but the cannery owners evidently believe that the law means some n "ble of 10, as they have from 50 to 100 each in open and brazen violation of the law. To get a license a fisherman has to swear that his outfit is his own. The canneries have hundreds of raw men fishing, giving one-third of the catch for the use of the oulits owned by the can-neries, but who allow the "raws" to put their name and number on the boats in order to get a license . But

the owners are all "honorable men." There are 3000 fishermen in the Frazer river, who are so close toge ther, according to my informant, that it is impossible for the fish to pass them all and get up to head waters to spawn Those that do manage to escape the nets are so bruised and disabled that they drop their spawn in deep water and it is lost. So ruin stares the fishermen in the face

He declares that the number of li enses must be reduced by half-but I ask him which half? Does he sup pose that it is only in the fishing business that there is an over plus of workers? The carpenters need to be re duced one-half, as much as do the fishermen, and so all along the industrial

W. C. B. RANDOLPH

SIGHTS AND IN-

******* I don't understand that sign there across the street—a large hand, point ing downward to dark has ment, and above it the words "Mechanics" above it Home." I I wonder where the mechan Home. ics children live.

Perhaps this ragpicker can tell me No, he has not time to think. With downward head, his eyes are fixed on the filth of the steet. Why should Lawhich produces everything, live in a basement, on alleys or at half numbered? Does Labor get everything?

A candidate on the Republican ticket showed me his card, upon which was printed-"Expansion and a full dinner pail." A tin pail full of bread and m-at. To the builder of palaces and the reaper of harvest. You may have that if you vote for me!

A delegate to the last convention said the other day: "What is there in it for you fellows, anyway gestion that we were working from principle was greeted with a loud laugh. Why should working from prin ciple seem funny to a Republican I wonder how it would seem to a Fus

This suggests a problem for the corious. What would Judge Winsor have done if he had not received a nomination? He had just previously avowed himself a Socialist. During the recent telephone strike a friend of mine said in reply to the telephone girls' "hello." Why don't you go out with the other girls and not be a scab?" company just treats us splendidly. was the reply, "they board us at the finest hotel in the city." She was anwered, "This is the price you receive for being a traitor to your class.

The bids on Seattle's High School building varied from \$180,000 to \$145. 000. Are the interests of the working lass identical with either one of these contractors? Are the interests of the enant, borrower and profit payer identical with those of the landlord, money loaner and profit taker?

Opposing interests then call for opposing parties. The Social Democratic Party is the party of the exploited class. Our ultimate success is certain and that, too, in the near future. In the meantime, we are the only party that can relieve the working class, be-cause we are the working class. So-

SOCIUS.

SOCIALIST NOTICES

SEATTLE, WASH., Sept. 18, 1900. A mass convention of the Social Democratic Party of King County, Wash., is hereby called to meet at Soial Headquarters, 220 Union St., Seattle, Wash., Saturday, October 1900, at 2 p. m., to nominate a full county and legislative ticket. A member of the party can attend by proxy if the proxy is given to a comrade of his Local, and certified to by chairman or secretary of said Local. HENRY KNUST.

Membership cards and copies of the new constitution may be obtained of the State Treasurer, Mrs. Ida W. Mud-gett. 510 Washington Builidng, Tacoma, Washington, at 50 cents per hundred or one cent each in smaller quan

The receipt of a a sample copy of this paper is an invitation to subscribe.

PLATFORM THE AND TICKET

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM

The Social Democratic Party of the United States, in convention assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the revolutionary principles of International Socialism and declares the supreme political issue in America today to be the contest between the working class and the capitalist class for the possession of the powers of govern-ment. The party affirms steadfast purpose to-use those powers, once achieved, stroy wage slayery, abolish the institution of private property in the means of production, and establish the Co-operative Commonwealth.

In the United States, as in all other civi lized countries, the natural order of econom ic development has separated society into two antagonistic classes—the capitalists, a comparatively small class, the possessors of all the modern means of production and distribution (land, mines, machinery and means of ransportation and communica-tion), and the large and ever increasing class of wage-workers, possessing no means of production. This economic supremacy has secured to the dominant class the full control of the government, the pulpit, the schools and the public press, thereby making them the arbiters of the fate of the working class, while it is reducing it to a condition of dependence, économically exploited and suppressed, intellectually and physically crippled and degraded and its political equality rendered a bitter mockery; and the contest between these two classes grows ever sharper. Hand in hand with the growth of monopolies goes the annihilation of small industries, and the middle class depending upon them; ever larger grows the multi-tude of destitute wage workers and of the unemployed, and ever dereer the struggle between the class of the exploiter and the exploited, the capitalists and the wage work-

The evil effects of capitalist production are intensified by the recurring industrial crises continually rendering the existence of the greater part of the population more precarious and uncertain, which amply proves that the modern means of production have outgrown the existing social order based on production for profit.

Human energy and natural resources are wasted for individual gain.

Ignorance is fostered that wage slavery may be perpetuated. Science and invention are perverted to the exploitation of men. women and children.

The lives and liberty of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profit.

Wars are fomented between nations; indiscriminate slaughter is encouraged; the destruction of whole races is sanctioned in order that the capitalist class may extend its commercial dominion abroad and enhance its supremacy at home.

The introduction of a new and higher or-

der of society is the historic mission of the working class. All other classes despite their apparent or actual conflicts are inter-ested in the upholding of the system of private ownership of the means of production. We therefore charge that in this country the Democratic, Republican and all other parties which do not stand for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system of production

are alike the tools of the capitalist class.

The working class, cannot, however, act as a class in its struggle against the collective power of the capitalist class except by constituting itself into a political party, dis tinct and opposed to all parties formed by the propertied class.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of the United States, without distinction of race, color or sex, and upon all citizens in sympathy with the historic mission of the working class to organize under the banner of the Social Democratic party, as a party truly representing the interests of the toiling masses and uncompromisingly waging war upon the exploiting class, un-til the system of wage slavery shall be abolished and the Co-operative Commonwealth shall be established

Pending the accomplishment of this our ultimate purpose, we pledge the effort of the Social Democratic party for the immediate improvement of the condition of labor, and also for the securing of its progressive de

"Workingmen of all countries, unite? You have nothing to lose but your chains, and a world to gain"

As steps in that direction, we make the following demands

First-Revision of our federal constitution in order to remove the obstacles to omplete control of government by the people irrespective of sex.

Second—The public ownership of all in-

dustries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines

Social Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT. of Iffdiana. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT JOB HARRIMAN. of California. FOR GOVERNOR. W. C. B. RANDOLPH. Carpenter, Seattle. FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. E. S. REINERT, Section Laborer, Loon Lake, Stevens County. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

JAMES H. ROSS, Blacksmith, Tacoma, Wn. FOR TREASURER J. J. FRASER, Machinist, Tacoma. FOR AUDITOR.

CHAS. S. WALLACE, Purchasing Agent, Fairhaven, Wash, FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL. DAVID W. PHIPPS, Lawyer, Seattle FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC

INSTRUCTION JOHN A. KINGSBURY, Teacher Prosser, rakima County. FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS JEROME S. AUSTIN, Carpenter Lynden, Whatcom County.

FOR CONGRESSMAN WILLIA. HOGAN, Laborer Equality, Skagit County. FOR CONGRESSMAN,

HERMON F. TITUS, Physician ... FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

HENRY WIECK, Laborer Spokane LEWIS THOMPSON, Laborer Geneva, Whatcom County.

WALTER GRIGGS, Teacher . Equality. ALONZO G. SEIBERT, Bricklayer, Seattle.

Third-The public ownership of all railroads, telegraphs and telephones: all means of transportation, and communication; all water works, gas and electric plants, and other public utilities.

Fourth-The public ownership of all gold silver, copper, lead, iron, coal and other and other

mines, and all oil and gas wells.

Fifth-The reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the increasing facilities for production.

Sixth-The inauguration of a system of public works and improvements for the employment of the unemployed, the public credit to be utilized for that purpose Seventh-Useful inventions to be fre

inventor to be remunerated by the public Eighth-Labor legislation to be national. instead of local, and international when pos-

Ninth-National insurance of working peoagainst accidents, lack of employment and want in old age.

Tenth-Equal civic and political rights

for men and women, and the abolition of all laws discriminating against women.

Eleventh-The adoption of the initiative

and referendum, proportional representa-tion, and the right of recall of representatives by the voters.

Twelfth-Abolition of war and the introduction of international arbitration.

THE STATE PLATFORM

The Social Democratic party of the state of Washington in convention assem bled, lays down the following platform: First—We reaffirm our belief in the prin-

ciples of International Socialism, endorse the nomination of Debs and Harriman, and platform as adopted by the Unity Committee of the S. D. P. and S. L. P.

Second-The principles of International Socialism, based on the irrepressible struggle of wage-labor against modern capitalism, are fundamental to our existence as a party. We arraign capitalism as a system incompat the with freedom and justice. We as-sert that capitalism and wage-slavery are inseparable twins. We demand the abolit ion of human slavery, the emancipation of wage working class, the destruction of apitalism

Third-We affirm this irrepressible class struggle to be a historic fact, a process of social evolution. Our demands are there-fore in the line of progress. We are as sure to succeed as the laws of nature are inev-

Private property based qu personal labor is honorable and just. But that has been su-perseded by private capitalistic property, based on the exploitation of labor by others which is robbery

The Social Deniocratic party aims to unite the exploited and robbed laborers into a political unit, fully instructed and conscious of historic mission and power.

We, therefore, call upon all wage workers to vote for their own class interests, to for sake all parties and measures that do not recognize and advocate the supreme issue modern times. namely. wage-slaves against capitalist tyrants.

We are fighting for no half-way measures. We will not be content till every man understands how he is exploited and robbed by the capitalist and understands also that he has an immediate weapon in the ballot whereby to achieve his own emancipation.

We propose to show every worker with hand or head that he is being expropriated by his capitalist masters, and that the time has come when the expropriators must be

Ours is no sentimental fight for human brotherhood though we believe that also will ensue upon our victory. We demand justice. We fight for justice. We will obtain jus-

Fourth—While aiming at the ultimate col-lective ownership of all the means of pro-duction and distribution, we demand as in-termediate steps direct legislation, public ownership of public utilities, abolition of the contract system in all public improvements. use of the taxing power to establish a system of public improvements, upon which the unemployed shall be employed. Fifth—While we recognize the Labor Un-

ion movement is a necessity under the capitalist system, we wish to point out the fact that it is impotent to bring any permanent relief to the working class. We feel it our We feel it our duty to stand by the unions in all their struggles and in turn call upon them to complete their emancipation by united political netton

Sixth-We denounce all wars of aggres sion and we call upon all workers every-where to cease to bear arms in the interest of capitalists who seek to make cannon-food out of those who create all wealth in order to perpetuate their mastery over the work-

Resolved, That we chose a State Executive Committee of five members who shall also act as a State Campaign Committee and instruct it to abide by the result of the referendum now being taken by the Unity Com-mittee